

TANZANIA (Mainland) and ZANZIBAR







Tanzania's entire **65.5** million population is at risk for malaria



Malaria is a major burden in the country, with 8 million cases and 26,600 deaths in 2022*



Rainy season is October to December and March to May in the North, East, and Zanzibar and October to May in the South and West

PMI'S PROGRAM IN TANZANIA

The U.S. President's Malaria Initiative (PMI) provides vital financial and technical assistance that enables the Government of Tanzania to deploy lifesaving interventions proven to fight malaria in mainland Tanzania and Zanzibar.

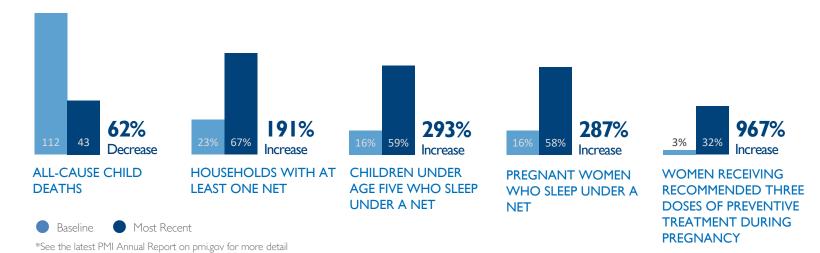
PMI is a critical funding source for insecticide-treated nets, malaria diagnosis and treatment, and more. PMI investments also support stronger, more-resilient health systems. For example, PMI helps train health workers, strengthen supply chains, improve data monitoring, and reinforce health policies.

PMI Tanzania's fiscal year 2023 budget was \$44 million. PMI investments support and build on those made by the Government of Tanzania, in coordination with other stakeholders. PMI investments are detailed in the Malaria Operational Plan for Tanzania**, which was developed in consultation with the President's Office, Regional Administration and Local Government (PO-RALG), National Malaria Control Program, the Zanzibar Malaria Control Program, other donors, and technical organizations. Planned PMI activities reflect national and PMI strategies, draw on best-available data, and align with the country context and health system.

PMI'S IMPACT ON TANZANIA'S MALARIA FIGHT

Since partnering with PMI, Tanzania has made significant progress against malaria. Child death rates have fallen and lifesaving interventions such as mosquito nets and preventive treatment for pregnant women are reaching more people. Health systems are stronger and health workers have received more than 139,900 trainings to help them fight malaria.

SINCE PMI SUPPORT BEGAN*



The U.S. President's Malaria Initiative (PMI) supports 27 partner countries in sub-Saharan Africa and three programs in the Greater Mekong Subregion in Southeast Asia to control and eliminate malaria. Led by the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID) and implemented together with the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), PMI delivers cost-effective, lifesaving malaria interventions alongside catalytic technical and operational assistance to equip and empower partner countries to end malaria.

\$747,188,000

DELIVERED SINCE LAUNCH



33.5m mosquito nets



Insecticide to spray 10.6m homes



3.1 m preventive treatments in pregnancy



fast-acting malaria medicines



28.8m rapid diagnostic tests





